



Registration Number: DAP 001:2022

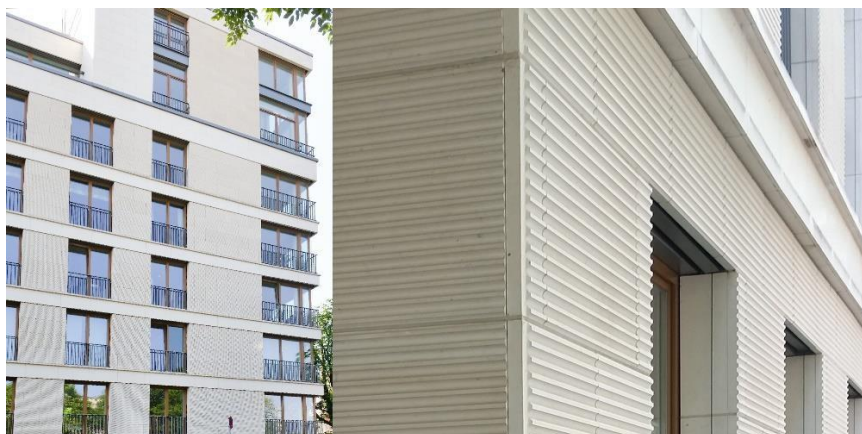


Slabs for façade claddings and for interior claddings and flooring in natural *semi-rijo* limestone: *Branco Real, Branco do Mar, Branco Snow, Branco Imperial, Branco Ártico* and *Branco Oriental*

ISSUE DATE: 17/01/2022

VALID UNTIL: 16/01/2027

**SOLANCIS — SOCIEDADE EXPLORADORA DE PEDREIRAS, S.A.**



VERSION 1.1. EDITION JULY 2015



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## GENERAL INFORMATION


### 1.1. The DAPHabitat System

<b>Program operator:</b>	Associação Plataforma para a Construção Sustentável <a href="http://www.centrohabitat.net">www.centrohabitat.net</a> <a href="mailto:centrohabitat@centrohabitat.net">centrohabitat@centrohabitat.net</a>	
<b>Address:</b>	Departamento Engenharia Civil Universidade de Aveiro 3810-193 Aveiro	
<b>Email address:</b>	<a href="mailto:deptechnico@centrohabitat.net">deptechnico@centrohabitat.net</a>	
<b>Telephone number:</b>	(+351) 234 401 576	
<b>Website:</b>	<a href="http://www.daphabitat.pt">www.daphabitat.pt</a>	
<b>Logo:</b>		



### 1.2. EPD owner

<b>Name of the owner:</b>	SOLANCIS — Sociedade Exploradora de Pedreiras, S.A.
<b>Production site:</b>	Rua da Sindocal, 22, Casal do Carvalho, 2475-016 – Benedita- Portugal
<b>Address (head office):</b>	Rua da Sindocal, 22, Casal do Carvalho, 2475-016 – Benedita- Portugal
<b>Telephone:</b>	Eng.º Marco Aniceto: +351 262 925 080
<b>E-mail:</b>	<a href="mailto:marco.aniceto@solancis.com">marco.aniceto@solancis.com</a>
<b>Website:</b>	<a href="http://www.solancis.com">http://www.solancis.com</a>
<b>Logo:</b>	
<b>Information concerning the applicable management Systems:</b>	SOLANCIS has an integrated quality, environment, health and safety management system implemented, following the ISO 9001:2015, EN ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018 standards. This management system meets the requirements of the StonePT (Premium) and StonePT – Green specifications for the Extraction + Primary Transformation + Secondary Transformation activities. All its products thus benefit from the procedures associated with the quality and environment control system.
<b>Specific aspects regarding the production:</b>	SIC Code 23701 – Manufacture of marble, and of similar stones, articles
<b>Organization's environmental policy:</b>	


### 1.3. Information concerning the EPD

<b>Authors:</b>	CERIS - Civil Engineering Research and Innovation for Sustainability, José Dinis Silvestre	 <p>CERIS : Civil Engineering Research and Innovation for Sustainability</p>
<b>Contact of the authors:</b>	Av. Rovisco Pais   1049-001 Lisboa Phone contact: +351 218 419 709; E-mail: jose.silvestre@tecnico.ulisboa.pt	
<b>Emission date:</b>	17/01/2022	
<b>Registration date:</b>	08/03/2022	
<b>Registration number:</b>	DAP 001:2022	
<b>Valid until:</b>	16/01/2027	
<b>Representativity of the EPD (location, manufacturer, group of manufacturers):</b>	This is the cradle-to-gate EPD of one (1) product produced in one (1) industrial unit belonging to a single producer (SOLANCIS — Sociedade Exploradora de Pedreiras, S.A.).	
<b>Where to consult explanatory material:</b>	www.solancis.com	
<b>Type of EPD:</b>		

### 1.4. Demonstration of the verification

External independent verification, accordingly with the standard ISO 14025:2009 and EN 15804:2012+A1:2013	
<b>Certification Body</b>	<b>Verifier (s)</b>
	
(CERTIF – Associação para a Certificação)	(Marisa Almeida)


### 1.5. EPD Registration

<b>Program Operator</b>

(Plataforma para a Construção Sustentável)

## 1.6. PCR of reference

<b>Name:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. PCR: Basic module for construction products and services</li> <li>2. PCR: Wall coverings</li> <li>3. PCR: Floor coverings</li> </ol>
<b>Emission date:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. November 2020</li> <li>2. November 2020</li> <li>3. November 2020</li> </ol>
<b>Number of registration on the data base:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. RCP-mb001</li> <li>2. RCP002:2014</li> <li>3. RCP001:2014</li> </ol>
<b>Version:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Version 2.1</li> <li>2. Version 1.1</li> <li>3. Version 1.1</li> </ol>
<b>Identification and contact of the coordinator (s):</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. PCR: basic module for construction products and services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Marisa Almeida   <a href="mailto:marisa@ctcv.pt">marisa@ctcv.pt</a></li> <li>• Luís Arroja   <a href="mailto:arroja@ua.pt">arroja@ua.pt</a></li> <li>• José Silvestre   <a href="mailto:jds@civil.ist.utl.pt">jds@civil.ist.utl.pt</a></li> </ul> </li> <li>2. PCR: Wall coverings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Luís Arroja   <a href="mailto:arroja@ua.pt">arroja@ua.pt</a></li> <li>• Marisa Almeida   <a href="mailto:marisa@ctcv.pt">marisa@ctcv.pt</a></li> </ul> </li> <li>3. PCR: Floor coverings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Luís Arroja   <a href="mailto:arroja@ua.pt">arroja@ua.pt</a></li> <li>• Marisa Almeida   <a href="mailto:marisa@ctcv.pt">marisa@ctcv.pt</a></li> </ul> </li> </ol>
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<b>Composition of the Sector Panel:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. RCP: Wall coverings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RMC - Revestimentos de Mármore Compactos, S.A.</li> <li>• APICER – Associação Portuguesa da Indústria de Cerâmica</li> <li>• Sonae Indústria, SGPS, S.A.</li> <li>• Gyptec Ibérica - Gessos Técnicos, S.A.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. RCP: Floor coverings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RMC - Revestimentos de Mármore Compactos, S.A.</li> <li>• Dominó – Indústrias Cerâmicas, S.A.</li> <li>• MAS – Manuel Amorim da Silva, Lda.</li> <li>• Sonae Indústria, SGPS, S.A.</li> <li>• APICER – Associação Portuguesa da Indústria de Cerâmica</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
<b>Consultation period:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 18/11/2015 - 18/01/2016</li> <li>2. 12/08/2013 - 30/11/2013</li> <li>3. 01/08/2013 - 30/11/2013</li> </ol>
<b>Valid until:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. December of 2022</li> <li>2. January of 2022</li> <li>3. January of 2022</li> </ol>

## 1.7. Information concerning the product/product class

<b>Identification of the product:</b>	Slabs for façade claddings, and for interior claddings and flooring, in natural <i>semi-rijo</i> limestone with the references <i>Branco Real, Branco do Mar, Branco Snow, Branco Imperial, Branco Artico and Branco Oriental</i>																											
<b>Illustration of the product:</b>																												
<b>Brief description of the product:</b>	<p>The product corresponds to slabs for façade claddings, and for interior claddings and flooring, in natural <i>semi-rijo</i> limestone. This limestone has white to light beige colour and compact appearance, with brownie grains of fine to medium size. The production of these slabs is made at the Solancis industrial plant, in Benedita.</p> <p>These slabs are available in the maximum dimension of (3,200x2,000) mm and, usually, in the following thicknesses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Façade and interior wall claddings: 20 to 40 mm;</li> <li>• Interior flooring with low circulation: 10 to 30 mm.</li> </ul> <p>Since the production process is the same for all the natural stone slabs produced at the Solancis plant, for every thickness, it is possible to transform the results of this EPD for 1 m<sup>2</sup> of slab with the referred thickness, taking into account the density of this product (2.350 kg/m<sup>3</sup>), using a conversion factor, as indicated in Table 1.</p> <p><b>Table 1:</b> Conversion factor to apply to the EPD results for 1 m<sup>2</sup> of slab with different thickness (in relation to the values presented in this EPD)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="699 1326 1061 1527"> <thead> <tr> <th>Thickness of the slab with 1 m<sup>2</sup></th> <th>Factor to be applied</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10 mm</td> <td>0.0235</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20 mm</td> <td>0.047</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30 mm</td> <td>0.0705</td> </tr> <tr> <td>40 mm</td> <td>0.094</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Thickness of the slab with 1 m <sup>2</sup>	Factor to be applied	10 mm	0.0235	20 mm	0.047	30 mm	0.0705	40 mm	0.094																	
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40 mm	0.094																											
<b>Main technical characteristics of the product:</b>	<p>The main physical and technical characteristics of the product are presented in Table 2 (average values – these characteristics should be confirmed on the most recent technical sheet of the manufacturer for each application and geometry of the product).</p> <p><b>Table 2: Physical and technical characteristics of the product</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="434 1653 1327 2092"> <thead> <tr> <th>Essential characteristic</th> <th>Performance in accordance with EN 12058</th> <th>Harmonized technical standard</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Petrographic description</td> <td>Pelsparite Limestone</td> <td>EN 12407</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Apparent density</td> <td>Mean – 2,350 kg/m<sup>3</sup></td> <td>EN 1936</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Flexural strength</td> <td>Mean – 11.5 MPa Lower expected value – 8.3 MPa Standard deviation – 1.7 MPa</td> <td>EN 12372</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water absorption at atmospheric pressure</td> <td>Maximum expected value – 6.9 %</td> <td>EN 13755</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reaction to fire</td> <td>Class A1</td> <td>EN 13501-1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water absorption by capillarity</td> <td>Maximum expected value – 96.9 g/m<sup>2</sup>.s<sup>0.5</sup></td> <td>EN 1925</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Open porosity</td> <td>Mean – 11.5 %</td> <td>EN 1936</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Thermal shock resistance</td> <td>Change in flexural strength – 11.6 %</td> <td>EN 14066</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Essential characteristic	Performance in accordance with EN 12058	Harmonized technical standard	Petrographic description	Pelsparite Limestone	EN 12407	Apparent density	Mean – 2,350 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	EN 1936	Flexural strength	Mean – 11.5 MPa Lower expected value – 8.3 MPa Standard deviation – 1.7 MPa	EN 12372	Water absorption at atmospheric pressure	Maximum expected value – 6.9 %	EN 13755	Reaction to fire	Class A1	EN 13501-1	Water absorption by capillarity	Maximum expected value – 96.9 g/m <sup>2</sup> .s <sup>0.5</sup>	EN 1925	Open porosity	Mean – 11.5 %	EN 1936	Thermal shock resistance	Change in flexural strength – 11.6 %	EN 14066
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<b>Description of the products' application:</b>	Because of their low hardness, the main application of these slabs is in the execution of façade, interior wall claddings, capping and interior flooring with low circulation.																		
<b>Reference service life:</b>	Not specified																		
<b>Placing on the market / Rules of application in the market / Technical rules of the product:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Decision No. 768/2008 / EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008</li> <li>• Regulation (EC) No 764/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008</li> <li>• Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008</li> <li>• Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 and its amendments.</li> <li>• Technical Product Standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– EN 1469:2015: Natural stone products – Slabs for cladding - Requirements;</li> <li>– EN 12057:2015: Natural stone products – Modular Tiles - Requirements;</li> <li>– EN 12058:2004: Natural stone products – Slabs for floors and stairs - Requirements.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>																		
<b>Quality control:</b>	Quality control assured in accordance with the integrated quality management system and with the technical standards of the product.																		
<b>Special delivery conditions:</b>	Not applicable																		
<b>Components and substances to declare:</b>	Not applicable																		
<b>History of the LCA studies:</b>	-																		

## 2. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE OF THE PRODUCT

### 2.1. Calculation rules of the LCA

<b>Declared unit:</b>	One tonne (1 ton) of slabs for façade claddings, and for interior claddings and flooring, in natural <i>semi-rijo</i> limestone, with a density of 2,350 kg/m <sup>3</sup> , packaging included.
<b>Functional unit:</b>	-
<b>System boundaries:</b>	EPD from cradle-to-gate
<b>Criteria for the exclusion:</b>	<p>The following processes were not considered in this study, since they meet the cut-off criteria of 1% use of renewable and non-renewable primary energy and 1% of the total input mass of the unit process where they occur, with a maximum of 5% energy and mass use in the considered stages (A1-A3):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Construction of industrial infrastructures, manufacture and exchange of equipment and machinery;</li> <li>• Impacts of infrastructure (vehicle manufacturing, road maintenance) associated with the transport of pre-products and raw materials;</li> <li>• Transport of small consumables to the industrial unit;</li> <li>• Other negligible flows, considering their contribution below the cut-off criteria.</li> </ul>
<b>Assumption and limitations:</b>	This EPD represents one (1) product that is produced in one (1) manufacturing unit and may have different thicknesses and finishing.
<b>Quality and other characteristics about the information used in the LCA:</b>	<p>Production data was collected for the year of 2018, from internal and official records of the production plant and is according to with the reality.</p> <p>Generic data used belongs to Ecoinvent, ELCD and Simapro industrial database (Industry data 2.0), and meets the quality criteria (age, geographical and technology coverage, plausibility, etc.) for generic data.</p>
<b>Allocation rules:</b>	<p>In the blocks extraction stage from all quarries, the specific consumption of electricity and oil in 2018 was considered, making a mass allocation between the blocks transported to the plant and the material not used for block and used as raw material for the lime industry or sold for other uses.</p> <p>The manufacturing plant where these natural stone slabs are produced also produces other products, namely curbs. Taking it into account, an allocation methodology was used to define which input and output flows associated only to the production of the natural stone slabs being studied.</p>
<b>Comparability of EPD for construction products:</b>	The EPD of construction products and services cannot be comparable in case they are not produced according to EN 15804 and EN 15942 and according to the comparability conditions determined by ISO 14025.

### 2.1.1. Flow diagram of input and output of the processes

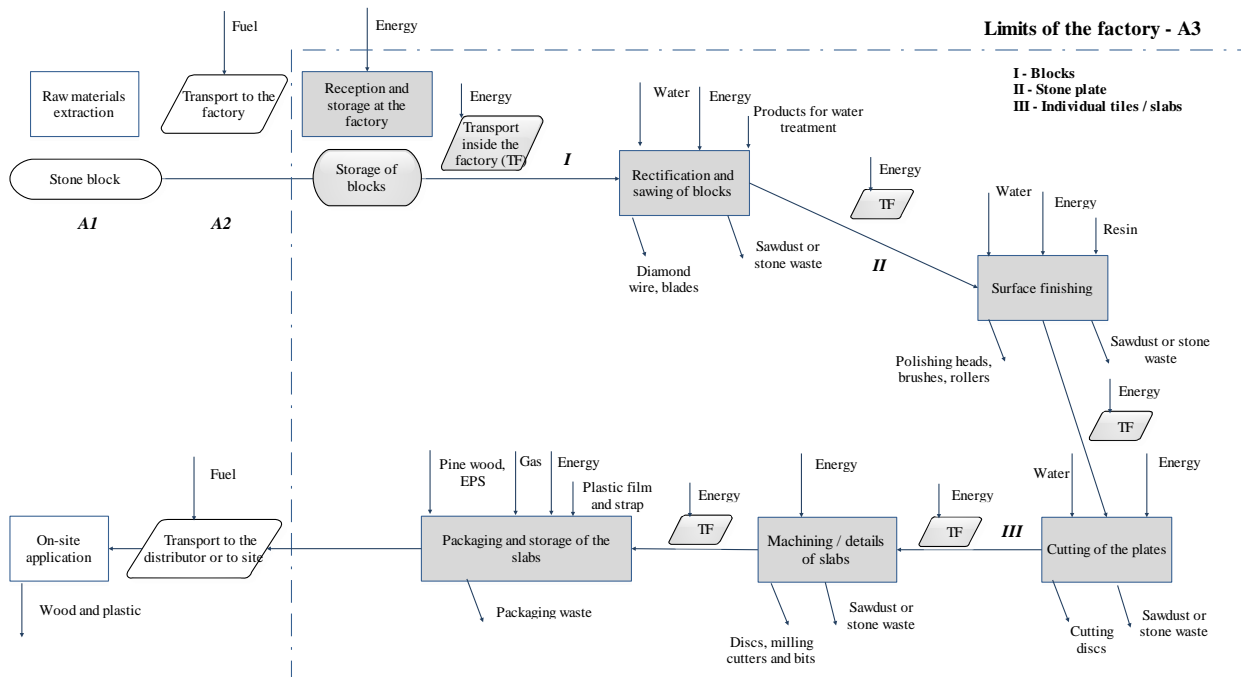


Figure 1. Life cycle stages of natural stone slabs from Solancis

The following paragraphs describe the life cycle stages studied for the development of this EPD.

Upon arrival at the factory, limestone blocks are stored. The slabs' production process starts in the Cutting Machines through the sawing process (which can be preceded by the rectification). Diamond saws laminate the blocks to the required thickness, resulting in several stone plates.

After measuring the thickness of the plates, they are introduced in the polisher. The stone receives here, through friction, the desired finishes (polished, sawn, hammered, sandblasted or aged, as tiles are to be visible by the inside or outside). Next is the cutting process, which turns them into individual tiles / slabs.

The modelling of the pieces into more complex formats is (machining / details) done in CNC (Computer Numerical Control). Following labelling and inspections, the slabs are finally packed in wooden structures (wrapped in plastic film and wrapped in a plastic strap, with expanded polystyrene – EPS as protection elements of the slabs) and stored according to the placement plans, the form of transport and the destination.

Transport to the construction site or the distributor and the application on site are outside of the boundaries of this EPD.

## 2.1.2. Description of the system boundaries

(✓ = included; ✗ = module not declared)

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-constructions, demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Re-use, recovery, recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

## 2.2. Parameters describing environmental impacts

		Global warming potential; GWP kg CO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; ODP kg CFC 11 equiv.	Acidification potential of soil and water, AP kg SO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	Eutrophication potential, EP kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> equiv.	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone, POCP kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> equiv.	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources kg Sb equiv.	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources MJ, P.C.I.
Raw material supply	A1	4.16E+00	5.18E-07	3.30E-02	4.96E-03	1.02E-03	1.13E-06	5.39E+01
Transport	A2	9.50E-01	1.92E-09	4.26E-03	9.72E-04	3.02E-04	3.77E-08	1.33E+01
Manufacturing	A3	5.89E+01	3.22E-06	4.22E-01	9.02E-02	2.27E-02	2.31E-04	7.91E+02
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>6.41E+01</b>	<b>3.74E-06</b>	<b>4.59E-01</b>	<b>9.62E-02</b>	<b>2.41E-02</b>	<b>2.32E-04</b>	<b>8.58E+02</b>

LEGEND:  
 Product stage

NOTES: P.C.I. – Low Heating Value (LHV).  
Units expressed per declared unit (1 ton).

## 2.3. Parameters describing resource use


		Primary energy						Secondary materials and fuels, and use of water			
		EPR	RR	TRR	EPNR	RNR	TRNR	MS	CSR	CSNR	Net use of fresh water
		MJ, P.C.I.	MJ, P.C.I.	MJ, P.C.I.	MJ, P.C.I.	MJ, P.C.I.	MJ, P.C.I.	kg	MJ, P.C.I.	MJ, P.C.I.	m <sup>3</sup>
Raw material supply	A1	8.88E+00	0.00E+00	8.88E+00	5.98E+01	0.00E+00	5.98E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.51E-02
Transport	A2	1.51E-02	0.00E+00	1.51E-02	1.42E+01	0.00E+00	1.42E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.48E-05
Manufacturing	A3	2.10E+02	8.32E-02	2.10E+02	8.65E+02	5.24E+01	9.17E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.01E+00
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2.18E+02</b>	<b>8.32E-02</b>	<b>2.18E+02</b>	<b>9.39E+02</b>	<b>5.24E+01</b>	<b>9.91E+02</b>	<b>0.00E+00</b>	<b>0.00E+00</b>	<b>0.00E+00</b>	<b>2.06E+00</b>

LEGEND:  
 Product stage

EPR = use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;  
RR = use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;  
TRR = total use of renewable primary energy resources (EPR + RR);  
EPNR = use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;  
RNR = use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;  
TRNR = total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (EPNR + RNR);  
MS = use of secondary material;  
CSR = use of renewable secondary fuels;  
CSNR = use of non-renewable secondary fuels.  
Net use of fresh water = net use of fresh water.  
NOTE: Units expressed per declared unit (1 ton).

## 2.4. Other environmental information describing different waste categories

		Hazardous waste disposed kg	Non-hazardous waste disposed kg	Radioactive waste disposed kg
<b>Raw material supply</b>	<b>A1</b>	9.42E-05	1.16E-02	2.93E-04
<b>Transport</b>	<b>A2</b>	0.00E+00	1.18E-06	0.00E+00
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>A3</b>	4.20E-04	1.25E+02	1.67E-03
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	5.14E-04	1.25E+02	1.97E-03

LEGEND:  
 Product stage

NOTE: Units expressed per declared unit (1 ton).

## 2.5. Other environmental information describing output flows

Parameters	Units*	Results
<b>Components for re-use</b>	kg	0.00E+00
<b>Materials for recycling</b>	kg	5.44E+00
<b>Radioactive waste disposed</b>	kg	0.00E+00
<b>Materials for energy recovery</b>	kg	1.33E-02
<b>Exported energy</b>	MJ by energy carrier	0.00E+00

\* expressed per declared unit (1 ton)

### 3. SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

This EPD evaluates only the production stage of the natural stone slabs from Solancis, integrating stages A1 to A3. Thus, the following scenarios of the construction stage (modules A4 and A5), stage of use (B1 to B7) and end of life stage (C1 to C4), are not applicable.

#### 3.1. Additional environmental information about the release of dangerous substances

No tests related to the release of dangerous substances or equivalent were carried out. There are no known toxic effects of this product. Due to its properties, no danger to the environment is expected. Natural stone slabs are considered an inert product, non-biodegradable.

#### 3.2. Certifications

*SOLANCIS — Sociedade Exploradora de Pedreiras, S.A.* has a management system that meets the requirements of the StonePT (Premium) specification for the Extraction + Primary Transformation + Secondary Transformation activities, as audited and verified by APCER (Certificate of Conformity n.º 11/2020 valid until 15/03/2023) and that meets the requirements of the StonePT– Green specification for the Extraction + Primary Transformation + Secondary Transformation activities, as audited and verified by APCER (Certificate of Conformity n.º 11/2026V valid until 15/03/2023).

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